



	Childcare Programming (Shalom, Hilde’s House, JCC Kids, Camp Ruach, Camp Tikvah)	Aquatics Programming	Adult and Family Programming (Cultural and Social Programs, TAG, Parties Around Town, PJ Library)
Facility Limitations	Main building (236 Charlotte Street) and Hilde’s House are closed to visitors. Staff and children participating in programs may enter the buildings, but parents are discouraged and visitors are prohibited. Exceptions include: breastfeeding mothers, professionals who support children with special health care needs and/or behavioral/mental health needs to provide services and/or assessment, and regulatory agencies.	Aquatics facility (40 Clyde Street) is open only to staff, members, and participants in programs that are renting the facility. Guests are not allowed.	Main building (236 Charlotte Street) is closed to visitors. Adult and family programs may use outdoor spaces with prior reservation, such as the Camp Pavilion (Crescent Street) and front entry patio (236 Charlotte Street).
Health Screenings	Anyone entering a JCC facility must answer the questions in the attached “Daily Health Screening” chart before being admitted to the facility every day. Those who cannot pass the health screening cannot enter the building and must follow protocol on page 4-6 before returning to the JCC.		
Temperature Screenings	Staff and children’s temperatures will be screened as needed throughout each day.	n/a	n/a
Masks, Indoors	Anyone over the age of 5 must wear multi-layered cloth face coverings/masks at all times when indoors at the JCC. Masks may be removed only when eating, drinking, or swimming.		
Masks, Outdoors	All children under the age of 12, vaccinated children 12 and older, and vaccinated adults may choose not to wear masks when outdoors.		

Gathering & Capacity Limitations	Maximum class/group size is 25 children.	Aquatics facility limited to 70% capacity (210 staff and members) when the dome is open and 25% capacity (75 staff and members) when the dome is closed. Locker room capacity limited to 10.	Gatherings are limited to 40 people indoors and 80 people outdoors. Gatherings should take place outside whenever possible.
Activity Limitations	Pre-determined PODs may interact indoors and outdoors. No field trips that involve transportation in a vehicle. Camp only: PODs may interact with other PODs only when all participants are masked and can safely distance.	Lap swimming is limited to two per lane with opposite end entry/exit/rest. No grills will be available. The JCC will not provide shared pool toys.	Food/catering should be individually packaged or served by one masked person rather than self-serve buffet-style. Challah, library books, and holiday-specific items can be obtained through curbside pick-up or no-contact delivery.
Cleaning & Sanitation	Facility professionally cleaned and disinfected nightly. Teaching staff sanitize often-touched surfaces after use, wash soiled linens daily, and unsoiled linens before use by another child and at least weekly.	Facility professionally cleaned and disinfected nightly. Aquatics staff sanitize often-touched surfaces regularly throughout the day.	n/a

Daily COVID-19 Health Screening for Anyone Entering JCC Buildings

1

DIAGNOSIS

Has anyone in your household...

... been diagnosed with COVID-19 since there were last at the JCC?

2

SYMPTOMS

Has anyone in your household...

... had any of the following symptoms since they were last at the JCC?

- Fever
- Chills
- Shortness of breath
- Difficulty breathing
- New cough
- New loss of taste or smell

3

CONTACT

Has the person entering the JCC...

...had close contact (been within 6 feet of someone diagnosed with COVID-19 for a cumulative total of 15 minutes over a 24-hour period) in the last 14 days?

4

QUARANTINE

Has the person entering the JCC...

...been contacted by a health department staff or health care provider who advised them to quarantine?

Last updated: 5/1/2021



People are not allowed to enter any JCC facility if

- They have tested positive for COVID-19
- They are showing any of the following COVID-19 symptoms
 - Fever of 100.4 or higher
 - Chills
 - Shortness of breath
 - Difficulty breathing
 - New cough
 - New loss of smell
- They are a close contact of someone who has tested positive for COVID-19 or who has symptoms of COVID-19

Returning to the JCC

Note the following requirements are written by NCDHHS for a child care environment, and the Asheville JCC is choosing to adapt them for all in-person programs, including Shalom, Hilde’s House, Camp Ruach, Camp Tikvah, JCC Kids and aquatics. “Child care facility” can be replaced by “JCC facility.”

Exceptions to exclusion will be allowed, based on an individualized assessment, for people:

- who have tested positive for COVID-19 and recovered, within the last 90 days as long as they do not develop new symptoms
- who have been fully vaccinated (2 weeks after Pfizer or Moderna second dose or 2 weeks after Johnson & Johnson dose), as long as they do not develop new symptoms.

Exclusion Category	Scenario	Criteria to return to child care
Diagnosis	Person has tested positive with an antigen test but does not have symptoms of COVID-19	<p>If the person takes a repeat PCR/molecular test performed in a laboratory within 24 – 48 hours of their positive antigen test, and that PCR/molecular test is negative: the positive antigen test can be considered a false positive and the person can immediately return to child care; OR</p> <p>If the person does not take a repeat PCR/molecular test, or takes one within 24 – 48 hours and it is also positive, the person can return to child care when they complete 10 days of isolation. Isolation should begin starting from the date of their first positive test.</p>

Diagnosis	Person has tested positive with a PCR/molecular test but the person does not have symptoms.	Person can return to child care when he/she completes 10 days of isolation. Isolation should begin starting from the date of their first positive test.
Symptoms	Person has symptoms of COVID-19 and has tested positive with an antigen test or PCR/molecular test	Person can return to child care when <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The person completes 10 days of isolation. Isolation should begin starting from their first day of symptoms; AND • It has been at least 24 hours since the person had a fever (without using fever reducing medicine); AND • Other symptoms of COVID-19 are improving.
Symptoms	Person has symptoms of COVID-19 but has not been tested for COVID-19 nor has visited a health care provider. Therefore, the person who has symptoms is presumed positive.	Person can return to child care when <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The person completes 10 days of isolation. Isolation should begin starting from the first day of symptoms; AND • It has been at least 24 hours since the person had a fever (without using fever reducing medicine); AND • Other symptoms of COVID-19 are improving.
Symptoms	Person has symptoms of COVID-19, and has tested negative with an antigen test , but no PCR test is taken. *A negative antigen test for persons with symptoms does not rule out an active infection with COVID-19.	The person can return to care when <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The person completes 10 days of isolation. Isolation can begin starting from the first day of symptoms; AND • It has been at least 24 hours since the person had a fever (without using fever reducing medicine); AND • Other symptoms are improving.
Symptoms	Person has symptoms of COVID-19 but has tested negative with a PCR test .	Person can return to child care when <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It has been at least 24 hours since the person had a fever (without using fever reducing medicine); AND • They have felt well for at least 24 hours.
Symptoms	Person has symptoms of COVID-19 but has visited a health care provider and received an alternate diagnosis that would explain the symptoms of fever, chills, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, new cough or new loss of taste or smell, and the health care provider has determined COVID-19 testing is not needed.	Person can return to child care when <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It has been at least 24 hours since the person had a fever (without using fever reducing medicine); AND • They have felt well for at least 24 hours. Note: The health care provider is not required to detail the specifics of the alternate diagnosis.
Exposure	Person has been in close contact with someone with a confirmed case of COVID-19 .	Person can return to child care after completing 14 days of quarantine, unless otherwise directed by the local health department. The 14 days of quarantine begin after the last known close contact with the COVID-19 positive individual.
Household Member, Exposure	Person is a household member (e.g. a sibling) of someone with a confirmed case of COVID-19 .	Person can return to child care after completing 14 days of quarantine, unless otherwise directed by the local health department. The 14 days of quarantine begin after the last known close contact with the COVID-19 positive individual. Quarantine begins at the end of a 10-day isolation of the person with COVID-19 since that person may remain infectious for up to 10 days after symptom onset.
Household Member, Symptoms	Person is a household member (e.g. a sibling) of someone who has symptoms of COVID-19 but symptomatic person has not been tested for COVID-19, nor has visited a health care provider. Therefore, the person who has symptoms is presumed positive.	Person can return to child care after completing 14 days of quarantine, unless otherwise directed by the local health department. Quarantine begins at the end of a 10-day isolation of the person who is presumed positive with COVID-19 since that person may remain infectious for up to 10 days after symptom onset.
Household member, Symptoms	Person is a household member (e.g. a sibling) of someone who has symptoms of COVID-19 who has tested negative with an antigen test , but no PCR test is taken.	Person can return to child care after completing 14 days of quarantine, unless otherwise directed by the local health department. Quarantine begins at the end of a 10-day isolation of the person who is presumed positive with COVID-19 since that

	*A negative antigen test for persons with symptoms does not rule out an active infection with COVID-19.	person may remain infectious for up to 10 days after symptom onset.
Household member, Symptoms	Person is a household member (e.g. a sibling) of someone who has symptoms of COVID-19 but has tested negative with a PCR test .	Person can return to child care immediately, as long as the person returning has not developed symptoms.
Household Member, Symptoms	Person is a household member (e.g. a sibling) of someone who has symptoms of COVID-19 but symptomatic person has visited a health care provider and received an alternate diagnosis that would explain the symptoms of fever, chills, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, new cough or new loss of taste or smell, and the health care provider has determined COVID-19 testing is not needed.	Person can return to child care when symptomatic household member receives their alternate diagnosis. Note: The health care provider is not required to detail the specifics of the alternate diagnosis.